B27 (Official Form 27) (12/09)

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT

Western District of Texas

In re	Ronald Dale Wilbur				
	Debtor			Case No. 12-10686 Chapter 7	
				•	
	REAFI	FIRMATION AG	REEM	ENT COVER SHEET	
This form must be completed in its entirety and filed, with the reaffirmation agreement attached, within the time set under Rule 4008. It may be filed by any party to the reaffirmation agreement.					
1.	Creditor's Name: Ally Finance	ial (f/k/a GMAC)			
2.	Amount of the debt subject to this reaffirmation agreement: \$\frac{\$1,014.83}{}\$ on the date of bankruptcy \$\frac{\$1,016.32}{}\$ to be paid under reaffirmation agreement				
3.	Annual percentage rate of interest: 8.99% prior to bankruptcy 8.99% under reaffirmation agreement (X Fixed Rate Adjustable Rate)				
4.	Repayment Terms (if fixed rate): \$341.28 per month for <u>3</u> months.				
5.	Collateral, if any, securing the debt: Current market value: \$10,425.00 Description: N07 PONTG6 VIN 1G2ZF58B674258216				
6. Does the creditor assert that the debt is nondischargeable? Yes XNo (If yes, attach a declaration setting forth the nature of the debt and basis for the contention that the debt is nondischargeable.)					
Debto	or's Schedule I and J Entries			's Income and Expenses ed on Reaffirmation Agreemen	
7A.	Total monthly income from Schedule I, line 16	\$ 2879.77	7B.	Monthly income from all sources after payroll deduction	\$ 2879.77 ns \$ 2794.05
8A.	Total monthly expenses from Schedule J, line 18	\$ 279405	8B.	Monthly expenses	s 2794.05
9A.	Total monthly payments on reaffirmed debts not listed on Schedule J	sna	9B.	Total monthly payments on reaffirmed debts not included monthly expenses	\$ N \[\frac{1}{2} \]
			10B.	Net monthly income	\$ 85.72 9B from

line 7B. If total is less than zero, put the

number in brackets.)

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11.	Explain with specificity any difference between the income amounts (7A and 7B):				
12.	Explain with specificity any difference between the expense amounts (8A and 8B):				
explai	If line 11 or 12 is completed, the undersigned nation contained on those lines is true correct.	debtor, and joint debtor if applicable, certifies that any			
	Signature of Debtor (only required if line 11 or 12 is completed)	Signature of Joint Debtor (if applicable, and only required if line 11 or 12 is completed)			
Other	- Information				
undue funds	Check this box if the total on line 10B is less to hardship arises (unless the creditor is a credit us available to the Debtor to make the monthly pay	than zero. If that number is less than zero, a presumption of nion) and you must explain with specificity the sources of yments on the reaffirmed debt:			
Was	debtor represented by counsel during the course YesNo	of negotiating this reaffirmation agreement?			
If the	e debtor was represented by counsel during the cousel executed a certification (affidavit or declaration). YesNo	ourse of negotiating this reaffirmation agreement, has son) in support of the reaffirmation agreement?			
	FILER'S C	CERTIFICATION			
betw	I hereby certify that the attached agreement is seen the parties identified on the Reaffirmation A	s a true and correct copy of the reaffirmation agreement agreement Cover Sheet.			
		1 2			
		Signature			
		Frak/ng			
		District Name & Commerce Deletion to Commerce			
		Print/Type Name & Signer's Relation to Case			

B240A (Form B240A) (4/10)

Daniel Data displaced have

	Presumption of Undue Hardship
DA	No Presumption of Undue Hardship
	ebtor's Statement in Support of Reaffirmation,
	Below, to determine which box to check.

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT

Western District of Texas

	Western District of Texas				
In re Ronald Dale Wilbur,		Case No.	12-10686		
	Debtor	Chapter	7		
R	EAFFIRMATION DOCUM	MENTS			
Name of	Creditor: Ally Financial (f/k/	a GMAC)			
□ Check	this box if Creditor is a Credit	Union			
PART I. REAFFIRMATIO	N AGREEMENT				
Reaffirming a debt is a serious financial decision. Before entering into this Reaffirmation Agreement, you must review the important disclosures, instructions, and definitions found in Part V of this form.					
A Brief description of the ori	ginal agreement being reaffirme	ed: Auto-	- Contract		
11. Dilet description	5	For ex	cample, auto loan		
B. AMOUNT REAFFIRME	D: \$1,016.32		_		
The Amount Reaffirmed is the entire amount that you are agreeing to pay. This may include unpaid principal, interest, and fees and costs (if any) arising on or before April 4, 2012, which is the date of the Disclosure Statement portion of this form (Part V).					
See the definition of "	Amount Reaffirmed" in Part V ,	Section C b	elow.		
C. The ANNUAL PERCENT	C. The ANNUAL PERCENTAGE RATE applicable to the Amount Reaffirmed is 8.99%				
See definition of "Ann	nual Percentage Rate" in Part V	, Section C	below.		
This is a (check one)	➤ Fixed rate	☐ Variable i	rate		
If the loan has a variable rate	, the future interest rate may inc	rease or dec	rease from the Annual		

A. Were you represented by an attorney during the course of negotiating this agreement? □ No

X No

AGREEMENT

Check one.

B. Is the creditor a credit union?

Check one.

X Yes

□ Yes

C.	If your answer to EITH	ER question A. or	B. above is "No,"	complete 1	. and 2.	below.
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1. Your present monthly income and expenses are:
a. Monthly income from all sources after payroll deductions (take-home pay plus any other income)

s <u>2849.77</u>

b. Monthly expenses (including all reaffirmed debts except this one)

\$ 2451.77

c. Amount available to pay this reaffirmed debt (subtract b. from a.)

\$ 427.00

d. Amount of monthly payment required for this reaffirmed debt

\$ 341.28

If the monthly payment on this reaffirmed debt (line d.) is greater than the amount you have available to pay this reaffirmed debt (line c.), you must check the box at the top of page one that says "Presumption of Undue Hardship." Otherwise, you must check the box at the top of page one that says "No Presumption of Undue Hardship."

2. You believe that this reaffirmation agreement will not impose an undue hardship on you or your dependents because:

Check one of the two statements below, if applicable:

- You can afford to make the payments on the reaffirmed debt because your monthly income is greater than your monthly expenses even after you include in your expenses the monthly payments on all debts you are reaffirming, including this one.
- You can afford to make the payments on the reaffirmed debt even though your monthly income is less than your monthly expenses after you include in your expenses the monthly payments on all debts you are reaffirming, including this one, because:

Use an additional page if needed for a full explanation.

- D. If your answers to BOTH questions A. and B. above were "Yes," check the following statement, if applicable:
 - X You believe this reaffirmation agreement is in your financial interest and you can afford to make the payments on the reaffirmed debt.

Also, check the box at the top of page one that says "No Presumption of Undue Hardship."

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PART III.	CERTIFICATION BY DEBTOR(S) AND SIGNATURES OF PARTIES				
I hereby certify (1)	y that: I agree to reaffirm the debt described above;				
(2)	(2) Before signing this reaffirmation agreement, I read the terms disclosed in this Reaffirmation Agreement (Part I) and the Disclosure Statement, Instructions and Definitions included in Part V below;				
(3)	The Debtor's Statement in Support of Reaffirmation Agreement (Part II above) is true and complete;				
(4)	I am entering into this agreement voluntarily and am fully informed of my rights and responsibilities; and				
(5)	I have received a copy of this completed and signed Reaffirmation Documents form.				
SIGNATURE	(S) (If this is a joint Reaffirmation Agreement/both debtors must sign.):				
Date 3 3-	77 Signature June And July				
Date 5-	3-12 Signature Joint Debtor, if any				
Reaffirmatio	on Agreement Terms Accepted by Creditor:				
Creditor	Ally Financial Print Name P.O. Box 130424, Roseville, MN 55113-0004 Address				
Prin	N. Miller At Name of Representative N. Miller Signature A/4/12				
PART IV.	CERTIFICATION BY DEBTOR'S ATTORNEY (IF ANY)				
To be filed o	only if the attorney represented the debtor during the course of negotiating this agreement.				
I hereby certify that: (1) this agreement represents a fully informed and voluntary agreement by the debtor; (2) this agreement does not impose an undue hardship on the debtor or any dependent of the debtor; and (3) I have fully advised the debtor of the legal effect and consequences of this agreement and any default under this agreement.					
☐ A presumption of undue hardship has been established with respect to this agreement. In my opinion, however, the debtor is able to make the required payment.					
Check box, ij a Credit Un	the presumption of undue hardship box is checked on page 1 and the creditor is not ion.				
Date 5/3//	Signature of Debtor's Attorney				
/	Print Name of Debtor's Attorney				

Print Name of Debtor's Attorney

Form B240A, Reaffirmation Documents

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PART V. DISCLOSURE STATEMENT AND INSTRUCTIONS TO DEBTOR(S)

Before agreeing to reaffirm a debt, review the terms disclosed in the Reaffirmation Agreement (Part I above) and these additional important disclosures and instructions.

Reaffirming a debt is a serious financial decision. The law requires you to take certain steps to make sure the decision is in your best interest. If these steps, which are detailed in the Instructions provided in Part V, Section B below, are not completed, the Reaffirmation Agreement is not effective, even though you have signed it.

A. DISCLOSURE STATEMENT

- 1. What are your obligations if you reaffirm a debt? A reaffirmed debt remains your personal legal obligation to pay. Your reaffirmed debt is not discharged in your bankruptcy case. That means that if you default on your reaffirmed debt after your bankruptcy case is over, your creditor may be able to take your property or your wages. Your obligations will be determined by the Reaffirmation Agreement, which may have changed the terms of the original agreement. If you are reaffirming an open end credit agreement, that agreement or applicable law may permit the creditor to change the terms of that agreement in the future under certain conditions.
- 2. Are you required to enter into a reaffirmation agreement by any law? No, you are not required to reaffirm a debt by any law. Only agree to reaffirm a debt if it is in your best interest. Be sure you can afford the payments that you agree to make.
- 3. What if your creditor has a security interest or lien? Your bankruptcy discharge does not eliminate any lien on your property. A "lien" is often referred to as a security interest, deed of trust, mortgage, or security deed. The property subject to a lien is often referred to as collateral. Even if you do not reaffirm and your personal liability on the debt is discharged, your creditor may still have a right under the lien to take the collateral if you do not pay or default on the debt. If the collateral is personal property that is exempt or that the trustee has abandoned, you may be able to redeem the item rather than reaffirm the debt. To redeem, you make a single payment to the creditor equal to the current value of the collateral, as the parties agree or the court determines.
- 4. How soon do you need to enter into and file a reaffirmation agreement? If you decide to enter into a reaffirmation agreement, you must do so before you receive your discharge. After you have entered into a reaffirmation agreement and all parts of this form that require a signature have been signed, either you or the creditor should file it as soon as possible. The signed agreement must be filed with the court no later than 60 days after the first date set for the meeting of creditors, so that the court will have time to schedule a hearing to approve the agreement if approval is required. However, the court may extend the time for filing, even after the 60-day period has ended.
- 5. Can you cancel the agreement? You may rescind (cancel) your Reaffirmation Agreement at any time before the bankruptcy court enters your discharge, or during the 60-day period that begins on the date your Reaffirmation Agreement is filed with the court, whichever occurs later. To rescind (cancel) your Reaffirmation Agreement, you must notify the creditor that your Reaffirmation Agreement is rescinded (or canceled). Remember that you can rescind the agreement, even if the court approves it, as long as you rescind within the time allowed.

- 6. When will this reaffirmation agreement be effective?
 - a. If you were represented by an attorney during the negotiation of your Reaffirmation Agreement and
 - i. if the creditor is not a Credit Union, your Reaffirmation Agreement becomes effective when it is filed with the court unless the reaffirmation is presumed to be an undue hardship. If the Reaffirmation Agreement is presumed to be an undue hardship, the court must review it and may set a hearing to determine whether you have rebutted the presumption of undue hardship.
 - ii. if the creditor is a Credit Union, your Reaffirmation Agreement becomes effective when it is filed with the court.
 - b. If you were not represented by an attorney during the negotiation of your Reaffirmation Agreement, the Reaffirmation Agreement will not be effective unless the court approves it. To have the court approve your agreement, you must file a motion. See Instruction 5, below. The court will notify you and the creditor of the hearing on your Reaffirmation Agreement. You must attend this hearing, at which time the judge will review your Reaffirmation Agreement. If the judge decides that the Reaffirmation Agreement is in your best interest, the agreement will be approved and will become effective. However, if your Reaffirmation Agreement is for a consumer debt secured by a mortgage, deed of trust, security deed, or other lien on your real property, like your home, you do not need to file a motion or get court approval of your Reaffirmation Agreement.
- 7. What if you have questions about what a creditor can do? If you have questions about reaffirming a debt or what the law requires, consult with the attorney who helped you negotiate this agreement. If you do not have an attorney helping you, you may ask the judge to explain the effect of this agreement to you at the hearing to approve the Reaffirmation Agreement. When this disclosure refers to what a creditor "may" do, it is not giving any creditor permission to do anything. The word "may" is used to tell you what might occur if the law permits the creditor to take the action.

B. INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Review these Disclosures and carefully consider your decision to reaffirm. If you want to reaffirm, review and complete the information contained in the Reaffirmation Agreement (Part I above). If your case is a joint case, both spouses must sign the agreement if both are reaffirming the debt.
- Complete the Debtor's Statement in Support of Reaffirmation Agreement (Part II above).
 Be sure that you can afford to make the payments that you are agreeing to make and that
 you have received a copy of the Disclosure Statement and a completed and signed
 Reaffirmation Agreement.

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- 3. If you were represented by an attorney during the negotiation of your Reaffirmation Agreement, your attorney must sign and date the Certification By Debtor's Attorney (Part IV above).
- 4. You or your creditor must file with the court the original of this Reaffirmation Documents packet and a completed Reaffirmation Agreement Cover Sheet (Official Bankruptcy Form 27).
- 5. If you are not represented by an attorney, you must also complete and file with the court a separate document entitled "Motion for Court Approval of Reaffirmation Agreement unless your Reaffirmation Agreement is for a consumer debt secured by a lien on your real property, such as your home. You can use Form B240B to do this.

C. DEFINITIONS

- 1. "Amount Reaffirmed" means the total amount of debt that you are agreeing to pay (reaffirm) by entering into this agreement. The total amount of debt includes any unpaid fees and costs that you are agreeing to pay that arose on or before the date of disclosure, which is the date specified in the Reaffirmation Agreement (Part I, Section B above). Your credit agreement may obligate you to pay additional amounts that arise after the date of disclosure. You should consult your credit agreement to determine whether you are obligated to pay additional amounts that may arise after the date of this disclosure.
- 2. "Annual Percentage Rate" means the interest rate on a loan expressed under the rules required by federal law. The annual percentage rate (as opposed to the "stated interest rate") tells you the full cost of your credit including many of the creditor's fees and charges. You will find the annual percentage rate for your original agreement on the disclosure statement that was given to you when the loan papers were signed or on the monthly statements sent to you for an open end credit account such as a credit card.
- 3. "Credit Union" means a financial institution as defined in 12 U.S.C. § 461(b)(1)(A)(iv). It is owned and controlled by and provides financial services to its members and typically uses words like "Credit Union" or initials like "C.U." or "F.C.U." in its name.

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT WESTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS

In re <u>Ronald Dale Wilbur</u> ,		Debtor(s)	Case No. Chapter	<u>12-10686</u> 7		
ORDER ON REAFFIRMATION AGREEMENT						
The debtor(s)	Ronald Dale Wilbur	has (have) fil	ed a motion f	or approval of		
	[Name(s) of debtor(s)]					
the reaffirmation agree	made	made between the debtor(s) and				
	[Date of agree	ement]				
Ally Financial	The Court held the	ne hearing required	by 11 U.S.C.	§ 524(d) and/or		
[Name of creditor]						
(m) on notice to the debtor(s) and the creditor on						
COURT ORDER [Court use only]:						
[] The Court grants the debtor's motion under 11 U.S.C. § 524(c)(6)(A) and approves the reaffirmation agreement described above as not imposing an undue hardship on the debtor(s) or a dependent of the debtor(s) and as being in the best interest of the debtor(s).						
[] The Court grants the debtor's motion under 11 U.S.C. § 524(k)(8) and approves the reaffirmation agreement described above.						
[] The Court	does not disapprove the reaff	irmation agreement	under 11 U.S	S.C. § 524(m).		
[] The Court disapproves the reaffirmation agreement under 11 U.S.C. § 524(m).						